Dormancy 9 – Highly winter-active variety – dormancy 9. Siriver provides high levels of forage over the winter period. After an outbreak of Aphid attacks throughout Australia, Siriver was bred to withstand such issues and offer a more complete package of forage production, pest and disease resistance. Siriver was bred from Hunter River and CUF 101 Lucerne’s. Like most Highly winter active material Siriver offers the producer the ability to create maximum dry matter production with grazing or hay cutting enterprises. The upright nature of the crown on Siriver does leave it predisposed to crown damage from excessively hard grazing. This can be managed with correct grazing techniques. The main usage of Sirvier is in short to medium rotations where quick forage production is required.

- Siriver has a good range of pest resistance but is susceptible to most major diseases of Lucerne
- Siriver is (HR) resistant to Spotted Alfalfa Aphid, (MR) moderate resistance to Blue-Green Aphid and Pea Aphid.
- It is (S) susceptible to Stem Nematode and (RLEM) Red Legged Earth Mite.
- Siriver is (S) susceptible to Phytophthora Root Rot, Colletotrichum Crown Rot and Bacterial Wilt.